

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1851

S. F. VINTON, of Gallia county, Ohio

PHILIP H. HARPER, of Gallia county, Ohio, Secretary of State, EARL BILLS, of Erie, Attorney General, HENRY STANBERY, of Franklin, Auditor of State, JOHN WOODS, of Butler, Treasurer of State, ALBERT A. BLISS, of Lorain, Public Works, DANIEL SHERMAN, of Lucas, JOHN MAMBERA, of Ross, DAVID H. LYMAN, of Muskingum, Supreme Judges, S. J. ANDREWS, of Cuyahoga, C. C. CONYERS, of Muskingum, PETER OLMY, of Montgomery, BELLAMY STORER, of Hamilton, GEO. B. WAY, of Deane.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

To the Whigs of Gallia County. You are requested to meet at the usual place of holding elections in your respective townships on Saturday, August 30th, at 1 o'clock P. M., to organize a Board in each township by appointing two Judges, who shall receive the ballots for the nomination of the several candidates and keep a poll of the same.

The candidates to be voted for, are as follows: For Gallia county—One Representative; one Clerk of the Court; one Probate Judge; one County Treasurer; one Sheriff; one Recorder; one Prosecuting Attorney; one Commissioner; one Surveyor and one Coroner. The Judges and Clerks shall appoint one of their number to return the poll books to the undersigned, who will count the votes and declare the result. The poll books are to be returned to JAMES HARPER, and the bearers are requested to be present on Tuesday, September 23, when they will be opened and counted, and in case of a tie between candidates, they will be authorized to decide between them.

WHIG COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Whigs of Gallia county are earnestly requested to meet in County Convention on Friday, the 16th of August, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to represent the county in a Senatorial Convention, and also to appoint Delegates to represent the county in a Convention for nominating a District Judge. The times of holding said Senatorial and Judicial Convention will hereafter be made known. The Whigs in the several townships are urged to secure large representations at this Convention, as business of importance will be brought before it.

Whig Central Com. for Gallia County.

We publish to-day the call of the Whig Central Committee for a county Convention, and the directions for Primary elections for candidates for county offices. The Committee, after consulting with Whigs in different parts of the county, think Primary elections preferable to a county Convention for the nomination of county officers. We trust our friends will use their efforts to secure a general and fair expression of the party at these elections. It gives to each the same influence in the decision, and unless it is generally exercised, it has no advantage over a Convention. See to it, and secure a full turnout. The county Convention is called to meet in Gallipolis on the 15th of August. As this meeting will have to select two sets of Delegates, and appoint a new Central Committee, as well as transact other important business, and the time for circulating the information is short, let each Whig extend the information as widely as convenient, and use his efforts to secure a large Convention.

A congressional apportionment law passed at the extra session of the New York Legislature. The stock has been secured to establish a Bank in McConnelsville. Efforts are being made by Gov. Wood to have a uniform day of thanksgiving throughout the United States. The Apollo Buildings in Cincinnati, containing Wood's Museum, Hawkins' Daguerrean gallery and several stores and offices, were destroyed by fire on Monday week. State stocks require to enable the Ironton Bank to go into operation, have been secured at the East. The Democrats hold their State Convention on the 6th of August. The Pomeroy Salt Company have commenced another well. Williams and Hill, shot in the late Lynchburg tragedy, are improving with a fair prospect of recovery. Hamilton county is about to build a new Court House and Jail, the cost of which will be \$695,253.34. The Commissioners awarded the job to H. M. Cook & Co. The West Union Intelligencer of the 17th inst., says the cholera 'broke out in that place, and has taken off some of the best citizens. The health of the place is now better. The Highland News says the contractors commenced putting down the iron on the Hillsboro' & Cincinnati Railroad at the Western end of the road on the 10th. The Scioto and Heeking Valley Railroad between Portsmouth and Jackson, is progressing rapidly. The difficulties between this and the Iron road, will probably be compromised to the satisfaction of both companies.

A severe shock of an earthquake was felt in Memphis on the 7th. It was also felt at Alton, Cairo, and other places. Col. Benton is preparing a history of the United States Senate, for the last thirty years. The cholera, which has been pretty severe through Illinois, is disappearing. "The Capital City" is the name of a new paper just started in Columbus, Ohio. A motion in the Virginia Convention to re-consider the compromise of the Basis question, was defeated by three votes. On the morning of the 28th, there will be an eclipse of the Sun on its Northern limb, which will be visible more or less, throughout the United States, except in the Southern part of Florida. Mr. Disney writes from Washington to the editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, that it has been decided to locate in Cincinnati, one of the Military Asylums, authorized by a late act of Congress. The estimated expenses of the Firemen's Parade that comes off in Cincinnati in September, is over \$25,000. It is to be the grandest affair of the kind, ever gotten up in the West. Father Mathew will leave this country about the last of August. The Staunton Vindicator understands that President Fillmore visits Staunton August 1st, on his way to the Springs.

The Ironton Register says that efforts are being made for the organization in that place, for the erection of another large Foundry in connection with a machine shop. Of the new Rolling-mill, the same paper says: "IRONTON ROLLING-MILL.—The frame of this establishment is now completely raised. The building will soon be complete and ready for the machinery. The dimensions we have before given, viz: main building, exclusive of sheds, 150 feet in length by 105 in width, with 20 feet posts. The roof looks to us like a specimen of excellent workmanship, being supported merely by the walls of the building, covering one entire room having a clear area, without pillar or post, of 15,750 feet. The building is erected by Mr. Frew, of Temperanceville, Pa.

The Virginia papers say the prospect for a good tobacco crop is much worse this year than last, and consequently this luxury will maintain a high price. The Texas papers speak very discouragingly of the coming Sugar crop. In many places it is an entire failure.

There seems to be some difficulty between our Town Council and the butchers. Mr. Bratton was fined by the Mayor \$10 for violating the ordinance which may be found in this paper. We understand that other complaints have been made.

The Courier contains a call, issued by the "Dem. Central Committee," to the faithful of the Democratic family of Gallia county to meet in Convention in this place Saturday, August 23.

We intend to show the world we are somebody.—Courier. The world is waiting impatiently for the demonstration of our worth.

The Whigs of Athens county hold a Convention on the 8th of August. The Whigs of Lawrence to-morrow, the 25th.

The Racine Whig says considerable feeling exists against Gov. Wood in Stark county, for his pardon of Keefe, and that petitions are in circulation requesting him to resign.—Ex. paper.

Some weeks since, we alluded to a rumor that Gov. Wood had pardoned the notorious Dr. Myers, convicted of forgery in this county last fall, and sentenced to five years in the Penitentiary. At the time the report reached here, during a session of the Common Pleas Court, the expression of opinion was universal that it was an improper and unjustifiable exercise of the power, and in direct opposition to the rule he had laid down in his inaugural address. Of all the criminals sent from this county for five years, Myers was the least deserving of executive clemency—a man whose common business was crime, he had followed the profession for years without fear except that of punishment. A clearer and more aggravated case, was never made out, or a sentence pronounced which met with a more general approval. Of all these facts was Governor Wood advised. The President Judge before whom he was tried, and who pronounced the sentence, informed the Governor of all the facts, and that similar charges had been alleged against him in Virginia and elsewhere, yet without a single petition from the citizens of this county, this man has been set at liberty in less than a year after his conviction, to again commence his criminal practices. The only petitions, we understand, that asked this pardon, came from the German Jews in Cincinnati and Louisville, to which class Myers belonged, some of whom were his accomplices for aught we know. Certain it is, any representations these people may have made, should have had little weight with the Governor, for the true statement of the facts, and the real opinions of those among whom he had been committing crimes, were represented to him by the Pres. Judge of this circuit, who had been applied to for the information. Why was the pardon granted? To secure the political influence of that class of population about Cincinnati, who we have stated, asked this pardon. Proper enough it is for the people of Stark to request such a Governor to resign, but more proper would it be if he complied with the request.

In the midst of a crisis.—A few days ago, the Democratic editor of the Maysville Flag, intimated a personal charge against the Whig editor of the Maysville Post-Bor. A brief correspondence ensued between the parties, and the editor of the Post-Bor vindicated himself in his paper. At the close of his vindication, he uses this language to the editor of the Flag: "You must not again, either by yourself or interlopers, either by direct or indirect means, by innuendo or open statement, undertake to make or intimate any specific charge against either of the editors of the Post-Boy of the kind contained in your article of July the 9th. We shall confine ourselves strictly to the truth, and shall expect you to do the same, or you must and shall abide the consequences."

Agricultural Society. The time of meeting has been deferred to-day. We hope to see on that day, a large meeting of Gallia county farmers.

The health of our town at this time, is good. For a few weeks past there has been complaints of dysentery, measles, and whooping-cough, and in a few cases, mostly children, they have proved fatal. There never has been any sickness that need keep those away who wish to visit this place; but at this time the health of the town was never better at this season of the year.

The Courier is slightly mistaken in regard to the manner of selecting delegates to the Senatorial and Judicial Conventions—they are to be selected by townships. Will that paper correct.

The gentlemanly officers of the fine Steamer Resort have placed us under obligations for five Cincinnati papers.

We have received several copies of the "North American Miscellany," a weekly Magazine published in New York, Philadelphia and Boston, by A. Palmer & Co. Judging from the number we have received, it is a weekly deserving a high reputation and an extensive patronage. The matter is selected with care from the current literature of this country and Europe. The subscription price is \$2.

Later From California. New York, July 18. The steamer Brother Jonathan, from Chagres July 7, arrived last night, with 238 passengers, and \$405,000 in gold dust. Our advices from San Francisco are to the 14th June. Most of the burnt district had been rebuilt. Business generally was stagnant, and prices were below the rates current previous to the fire. The markets were overstocked with all staple articles of produce. The news from the mining district continues favorable. Many new and valuable discoveries have been made. Numerous attempts have been made to destroy San Francisco by fire. The Indians in the Southern portion of the State continue to give much trouble. The agricultural prospects of the country were good. McManus, one of the Irish patriots had escaped from New South Wales and arrived at San Francisco, where he was warmly received. Smith O'Brien and other Irish exiles made an unsuccessful effort to escape at the same time. Gen. Lane had been elected delegate to Congress from Oregon. The crops in Oregon looked remarkably well.

The Hon. Jas. M. Jones, Judge of the Southern District of California, Hon. Alex. Wells, and Hon. G. B. Post, came passengers in the Brother Jonathan.

The isthmus was generally healthy. The misersants who were concerned in the murder on the Chagres river were shot at Panama. Gen. Moorhead's expedition, which was reduced to 45 men, left San Diego on the 14th. Their destination was unknown. The boilers of a steamer exploded on the 4th of June on the passage from Sacramento, killing two persons and severely scalding several.

Such had been the increase of crime in San Francisco, and so inadequate the Courts and the Police to punish the offenders, that a Volunteer Company of 200 citizens has been formed. This committee directed the death and executed John Jenkins on the 10th. Every effort was made by the police to rescue him, but without avail. Excitement was very great in consequence of these proceedings.

Seven men, mostly from Ohio, belonging to Park's Bar Mining Company, were drowned in the Yuba River on the 4th of May. Their names were Daniel Barney and H. Modesburg, of Wayne county, Ohio; Stephen Lewis, John Sam'l Miller, Charles Cox and Henry Tilbeugh, of Richland county.

FATAL DUEL AT NEW ORLEANS. A telegraphic despatch from New Orleans of the 12th inst., which we published yesterday, states that a duel had been fought on that day between Dr. Thomas and J. W. Frost, of the "Crescent" newspaper, and that Mr. Frost fell dead at the first fire, his antagonist's ball having pierced his heart.

In the New Orleans Delta, of the 8th inst., we have a key to this melancholy affair. By a report in that paper, it appears that a meeting was held on the previous evening, at the "Shades" in that city, for the purpose of nominating a Whig candidate for Congress; that a majority of that meeting were in favor of Mr. Hunt as candidate, and refused to hear any explanation from Mr. Marks, a rival candidate, or to take into consideration a set of resolutions which were offered in his behalf. The minority then adjourned to a neighbouring place, and were addressed by Mr. Frost, who in the course of his remarks, which were generally free from personalities, used the following remark: "Mr. Marks, gentlemen, (he is known to you,) has nine brothers, and all white, at that." Laughter, and cries of "where is brother Randall?"

In the course of his speech, the Delta says, Mr. Frost was interrupted by a voice from the crowd, which proved to be that of Dr. Hunt: "You lie; you are a d-d liar." Mr. Frost, at the conclusion of his speech, in alluding to this interruption, said he could not resent an insult offered by one from a crowd—but if he had said any thing offensive to the Hunts, he held himself responsible.

It is probable therefore, that this is the origin of the difficulty which has cost Mr. Frost his life. A second telegraph despatch says that writs have been issued against Dr. Hunt and his second on the charge of murder, and of being accessory thereto.

SINGULAR DEATH.—Doctor Isaiah K. Skeen, of Jacksonville, Illinois, retired to bed last week in apparent health. Some half hour afterwards he started suddenly, as if from sleep, and saying to his wife that he had the cholera, seized a tumbler of brandy, which he drank, and then swallowed at one draught over two ounces of peppermint. Before physicians could get to the house, the Doctor had sunk into a deep stupor, from which he never roused.—The physicians thought it a case of sudden mental alienation, as no symptoms of cholera appeared.—St. Louis Times.

The Gallia Courier says that the health of Gallipolis is exceedingly good except that measles, flux, mumps and whooping cough prevail. In another column the editor apologizes for lack of interest in his paper as all his children have the last named disease. Well, Gallipolis must be a healthy place, and no mistake.—Ports. Inq.

The interest in the Second Ohio State Fair, coming off near Columbus on the 24th, 25th and 26th days of September next, is being manifested to a greater or less extent in every nook and corner of the State. It will doubtless be the finest exhibition of the kind ever held in the West, and compare favorably with similar Fairs of New York or Massachusetts.

The last No. of the "Western Agriculturist" contains a list of premiums to be awarded for the different products of the soil and of art,—of industry in the household, in the work shop and manufactory—to be exhibited on that occasion. The premiums are large—ranging from \$50,00 on best horse and best yoke of working oxen to \$2,00 on best pairs and \$1,00 on second best pairs woolen knit, cotton wove, linen knit and other stockings, mittens, &c., &c. Accompanying the "Agriculturist" we also received a diagram or map of the grounds prepared for the exhibition, adjoining Franklinton and one mile west of Columbus.—Every department will be arranged in the most convenient manner for the accommodation of exhibitors—from the "Floral Hall" down to the "Hitching ground for horses."

The following, from the National Intelligencer, lays out the rumor, already dead, about Webster's resignation: We think it proper to state, as we are authorized to do, that there is no truth in the story circulating through the papers that Mr. Webster has resigned the office of Secretary of State, either absolutely or contingently.

Mr. Webster's health is now perfectly good—better than it has been for a long time; but he naturally looks forward with concern to that period of the year in which he is, and has been for several years, visited with a distressing catarrh, or the disease which is commonly called in England and this country the hay fever. This is periodical, and comes on in August. He suffered much last year from the necessity of spending the hottest part of summer in the Senate, and until he took charge of the Department of State, which he could not leave until some time after Congress had adjourned. He hopes by travel and by change of climate to mitigate, if not avert, the attack of his unwelcome visitor, the present season. Some of his medical friends have advised a sea voyage, and others a visit to the medical springs in the Alleghanies of Western Virginia. Mr. Webster, however, doubtless said that if he should finally conclude to adopt the former course, it would probably lead to the necessity of leaving the Department. This, we believe, states the whole case in regard to the honorable Secretary's intentions; and this it is, we presume, out of which has sprung the rumor of his resignation.

Wool Trade of Ohio. But few of our citizens are aware of the growing importance of the wool trade in this State. We have just had an interview with one enterprising and intelligent fellow-citizen, Mr. F. C. Sessions, who, for some years has been engaged in the wool trade, and from him we learn some items of very general interest. Mr. Sessions has just returned from Cleveland. While there he met with some of the principal wool dealers of Ohio, and after a comparison of notes they found that eight millions of pounds of wool will be sent out of this State, to the eastern markets, this year. The average price of this year's clip is thirty-eight cents per pound. The quality of Ohio wool is fast improving, and for manufacturing purposes it is preferred to any other wool in the market. This wool goes to Boston, Providence, and New York. The great mass of it is used in the D'Laune factories of Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Mr. Sessions has purchased over three hundred thousand pounds this season, and has paid out to the farmers of Franklin county and vicinity, about one hundred and thirty thousand dollars. The highest price he paid was fifty-seven cents per pound, for a lot in Licking county. He has paid fifty cents per pound, for several lots. He goes to the farmers and buys directly of them.

Ohio has a great name abroad for the production of wheat and all kinds of grain, pork, cattle, butter and cheese, &c. Her reputation for wool is now recognized. We can raise as good wool and as cheap as any other State in the Union, and our enterprising farmers are beginning to know and appreciate it.

The Wheeling and Pittsburgh papers are getting quite figurative on the subject of railroads. The Pittsburghers demonstrate that the Steubenville road will be the direct one West, and will supersede the Hempfield road, &c. On the contrary the Wheeling editors demonstrate that the Hempfield road is to be the road, being the nearest and best for Western business, and that Pittsburgh will both make and save money by making a cut from that city to intersect the Hempfield road somewhere near Washington.

DEATH OF GEN. JAMES MILLER.—The death of Gen. Miller is announced as having occurred in Temple N. H., on Monday evening, the 7th inst. The immediate occasion of his death was a stroke of paralysis, which he received on the 4th of July. Gen. Miller was seventy-six years of age at the time of his death. (He was bred to the profession of the law. In 1810 he entered the United States army, and served with distinction throughout the last war with Great Britain. He rose rapidly from the rank of captain to that of major General, under General Harrison, but was prevented by sickness from taking part in the battle. He rendered eminent services in the battles of Chippewa, Bridgewater, and Lundy's Lane, making himself conspicuous by his courageous and intrepid spirit. It was at the last named battle that he uttered the world-renowned declaration "I'll try, sir," when asked if he could storm an important and almost impregnable position of the enemy. General Miller was subsequently appointed governor of Arkansas Territory. For a long series of years he held the post of collector of the port of Salem, which he resigned in 1849. He has since been a resident of his native State of New Hampshire.—Salem Freeman.

CHOLERA.—The number of interments at St. Louis on the 9th inst. was 34—13 of cholera—one cemetery not reported. The deaths in New Orleans, for the week ending 5th inst., were 141—28 by cholera. In the city of Lafayette, for the same time, 34—6 by cholera. A number of cases of cholera have occurred in Olney, Ill., during the past week or two.

The Louisville Journal of Saturday, says: "There is no cholera in this city, nor any likelihood that there will be any." The Cincinnati Gazette of the 10th, says: "Inquiries among our city physicians yesterday leads us to the conclusion that an unusual degree of health prevails. We are fast arriving at the opinion that Cholera in an epidemic form will not appear in Cincinnati during the present season."

THE HEMPFIELD RAILWAY.—This road extends from Wheeling by way of Washington to Greensburgh, Pa., there connecting with the Central Pennsylvania road. Charles Ellet, the Chief Engineer of this road, has examined the line, and reports it practicable to open the road with grades much easier than those of the Central road. This road will connect at Wheeling with all the roads converging to that point, and its importance requires that it should be immediately prepared for construction.—Cin. Gaz.

THE METHODIST PROPERTY SUIT.—We learn that the negotiations, consequent upon the earnest recommendation of the Court, for an amicable settlement of the unfortunate dispute between the two branches of the Methodist Episcopal Church, have failed, the South making it prerequisite that the justice of her claim shall be admitted, and the North refusing to make any such acknowledgment.—N. Y. Tribune.

Daniel Webster sent this toast to Springfield, to be read at the celebration of the Fourth of July:—"The Union! God in his mercy grant, that no apocalyptic writer may see the Commonwealth of Massachusetts fall from that Firmament!"

GEN. TALCOTT'S CASE.—Four orders are officially published by the Adjutant General of the United States, the first finding General Talcott guilty of three several charges, and sentencing him to be dismissed from the service; second promulgating the President's approval of the finding; third, promulgating censure on Col. Huger, commandant of Fort Monroe arsenal, and fourth, dissolving the Court Martial.

This case has occupied considerable time and attention, and much feeling has been elicited on both sides. The verdict is emphatic and final.

MILITARY ASYLUM AT CINCINNATI.—The Cincinnati Enquirer of Friday says: We last evening received a brief letter from Mr. Disney, our Representative in Congress, dated at Washington on the 7th, saying that the board had just decided to locate at Cincinnati, one of the military asylums authorized by an act of the late Congress. We are pleased to know that the commissioners found our city so favorably adapted to such a worthy institution.

There was quite a riot in Portsmouth last Sunday evening, caused by the excesses of some drunken Irishmen. Their houses were attacked and torn down, and every Irishman that could be found was dragged off to jail.

SALT.—Capt. Gallacar, of schooner Azof, which arrived at this port yesterday, from Aux Cayes, reports that he was boarded off Fortune Island, by a boat on the 26th ult., the master of which desired me to report that there was 300,000 bushels of salt at P. I., ready for shipment.

Report of the Board of Health of Gallipolis. Deaths within the corporation for the month ending July 21st, 1851: Ann Edwards, aged 87 years, Wm. Lewis Donnelly, adult, cholera, George Payne, aged 6 years, flux, Jonas B. Newton, aged 18 mos., flux, Julius Green, aged 4 years, flux, George Haven, aged 5 years, flux, Mrs. Edwards died of old age. W. L. Donnelly was taken with the cholera on the river, and died in three days of the arriving among his friends. No other cases are known in town.

The flux has prevailed to some extent, with the exception of the above four cases, it has yielded to a mild course of medicine. We are of opinion the inhabitants have but seldom enjoyed better health this season of the year.

Lewis Newson, Esq. Board of Health.

To the Stockholders of the N. O. and Ohio Telegraph Company, at Gallipolis, O. GENTLEMEN: In a communication which appeared in the Journal some weeks ago, several queries were propounded which it was desirable to those interested to have seen answered. It appearing, however, that no such disclosure is likely to take place, I would ask you if you feel disposed to remain passive and freely give your substance for the benefit (not of yourselves, surely,) of some who are more intimately connected with this Telegraph line than yourselves?

Is there no way that the true condition of this line can be reached, and the present and future prospects made known? Can it be possible, and do you believe that the Stockholders all along the line in the large places as well as small, are receiving nothing in the way of dividends, and are not apprised of the present and true state of affairs, but are like porcupines, holding back at a distance from the moving of the wheels? If you do you give them credit for greater forbearance than usually falls to the lot of creditors, and greater than your humble servant is disposed to give, particularly when they are touched in so sensitive a part as the pocket.

There may be, it is true, cause for all this delay, but if so why are we not busy to it, and why are we silent? It is necessary, however, in your estimation, a perfect right to inquire to enquire into this matter, and demand that the condition of the Company, as well as monthly or quarterly reports of the officers in our immediate vicinity, be laid before us? I think we have. There is a point here always unaccounted, when forbearance ceases to be a virtue, that will apply to this case.

It is evident the line is some thing paying expenses. When the small ones meet than pay surely the larger ones will, to a much greater extent. The question then naturally arises, where does this excess of money go to? Who so good a right to it as the Stockholders, and yet those who are in the line have never been blessed with a sight of any except as they were paying it out for dispatches.

Gradation, look to your interests; the time is fast approaching, when some Telegraph line will need repairing. I have heard it darkly hinted if you could be kept quiet until then, you would be induced to sell out one-fourth or one-half the original cost, to those who are interested in the line than ourselves. The line would then be in our hands, and under other and proper management, be made to yield handsome dividends.

I will rest on this subject again. Yours, &c., INTERESTED.

For the Gallipolis Agricultural Society. To the Gallia County Agricultural Society. Advised that the sum of fifty dollars has been subscribed, and paid, by more than thirty persons, residents of this county, to the Gallia County Agricultural Society, agreeably to the law "For the encouragement of Agriculture," passed Feb. 27, 1846.

Now, in pursuance of a resolution of the meeting, organizing said Society, I hereby make known to the members, and all persons who may wish to become members, to meet at the Court House in Gallipolis, on Friday, the 8th day of August next, at two o'clock P. M., to adopt a Constitution and By-laws for the government of the Society, and to elect a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary and five Managers, who shall constitute a Board of Directors for said Society, for the ensuing year.

Given under my hand at St. Cloud this 17th day of July, A. D. 1851. ANSELIM T. HOLCOMB, President pro tem.

A DESERVED COMPLIMENT.—The National Intelligencer, in noticing the proceedings of the Whigs of Ohio, pays the following deserved compliment to our worthy and excellent candidate for Governor, Hon. SAMUEL F. VINTON: It is proper to remark that our exchanges from all parts of the Union are loud in praise of our Whigs for their fortunate selection.

THE CANDIDATES OF OHIO.—The Whigs of the great State of Ohio have, as far as we can see, been singularly fortunate in their selection of their candidates to be placed before the people for the highest offices in the State government. For the office of Governor, especially, their candidate is a man of large experience and strong intelligence, and equally without fear and without reproach. One might search the United States throughout and not find his superior in all the qualities of a good citizen and of a wise and upright legislator. It has made us happy to discover, in his selection, proof that the Whigs of Ohio understand the true interests of their State and of the Union, and mean to sustain them.

The August Elections in the different States are held as follows: Kentucky, Monday, August 4th. Indiana, Monday, August 4th. Alabama, Monday, August 4th. Arkansas, Monday, August 4th. Missouri, Monday, August 4th. Iowa, Monday, August 4th. North Carolina, Thursday, August 7th. Tennessee, Thursday, August 7th.